## **NJ-CCSS AREA: MATHEMATICS**

# North Brunswick Township Public Schools

# MATH LAB IV

Acknowledgements

Kelly Harrity, Mathematics Teacher Diane M. Galella, Supervisor of Mathematics

Date: New	
Revision April 2012	
Board Adoption	

	Quai	rter I		Quarter II		
Overview:	HSPA Prep:	AHSA Prep:	AHSA Prep:	AHSA Prep:	AHSA Process:	
Number Sense		_	-	-		
Spatial Sense	Review HSPA	Detailed open	Detailed open	Review open ended questions from	Administer AHSA process	
Geometry	reference sheet	ended questions	ended questions	1 <sup>st</sup> quarter to prepare students for		
Patterns		regarding:	regarding:	AHSA process	(15 days)	
Functions	Multiple choice	Number Sense	Patterns			
Algebra	strategies for all	Spatial Sense	Functions	(30 days)		
Data Analysis	four clusters	Geometry	Algebra			
Probability			Data Analysis			
Discrete Math	Practice open	(approx. 13	Probability			
[Application for	ended questions	days)	Discrete Math			
real world	for all four		(			
problems – open	clusters		(approx. 13			
ended questions]	(18 days)		days)			
	(16 days)					
	Quart	ter III		Quarter IV		
HSPA Prep:	AHSA Prep:	AHSA Prep:	AHSA Process:	Financial Literacy:		
Review HSPA	Detailed open	Detailed open	Trocess.	Budget for vacation (approx. 7 days)		
reference sheet	ended questions	ended questions	Administer	Budget for vacation (approx. 7 days)		
Terefelice sheet	regarding:	regarding:	AHSA process	Balance checkbook and bank stateme	ents (approx 20 days)	
Multiple choice	Number Sense	Patterns	THISTI process	Bulance checkbook and bulk statem	citis (upprox. 20 days)	
strategies for all	Spatial Sense	Functions	(approx. 12	Create monthly budget (approx. 11 d	lavs)	
four clusters	Geometry	Algebra	days)	, in Sec. (11)		
		Data Analysis		Understanding how credit cards world	k (approx. 7 days)	
Practice open	(approx. 8 days)	Probability				
ended questions		Discrete Math				
for all four						
clusters		(approx. 8 days)				
(18 days)	1	I	Ī	Ī		

- Math Vocabulary: HSPA: High School Proficiency Assessment, AHSA: Alternate High School Assessment
- **HSPA Prep:** Students will work on test taking strategies as well as developing an understanding of HSPA clusters that would offer the best opportunity to pass the fall administration of the HSPA. For those students who do not pass the fall HSPA, an additional HPSA will be administered in March.
- **AHSA Prep:** Students will learn how to successfully answer open ended questions that require full mathematical computations and explanations to solve real world problems. Each cluster will be covered to ensure that students will be prepared when AHSA tasks are to be administered.
- AHSA Process: Students will review the best way to answer open ended questions. Once students feel prepared they will complete state assigned AHSA tasks.
- Financial Literacy: Once students have completed the final state assessment they will begin to prepare to understand finances as they relate to real life.

### **New Jersey - Common Core State Standard for Mathematics**

HSPA Prep: Number Sense Grade: 12 Date: May 2012

Essent	J-CCSS Domain tial Questions	NJ-CCSS Cluster.Standard Standards for Mathematical Practice			
<ul> <li>The Real Number System</li> <li>What is the difference between rational and irrational numbers?</li> <li>Can numbers be represented in various forms?</li> </ul>		N-RN.1 Extend the properties of exponents to rational exponents. Explain how the definition of the meaning of rational exponents follows from extending the properties of integer exponents to those values, allowing for a notation for radicals in terms of rational exponents  N-RN.3 Use properties of rational and irrational numbers. Explain why the sum or product of two rational numbers are rational; that the sum of a rational number and an irrational number is irrational; and that the product of a nonzero rational number and an irrational number is irrational.  SMP.5 Use appropriate tools strategically.  SMP.6 Attend to precision.			ties of ational m or I an
Skills/Objectives SWBAT	Instructional Strategies Activities/ Materials /Technology Interdisciplinary Connections Cultural Diversity		Modifications ESL / Special Education Academic Support/G&T Differentiated Instruction	Assessments Formative Summative Benchmarks	Pacing
Obj: Extend understanding of the number system to include irrational and rational numbers  Obj: Represent equivalent forms of the same number.  Obj: Distinguish between rational and irrational numbers from their decimal representation  Obj: Distinguish between terminating and repeating decimal forms of rational numbers  Obj: Apply approximation techniques to situations involving initial portions of infinite decimals	HSPA review requires students to work both multiple choice questions and open  • Review HSPA reference sheet often. • Use Venn Diagram of number sets • Plot number on a number line • Review how to convert between fractional- • Review conversions • Complete relevant practice open-ended quereleased by the state • Materials/Technology/Resources: Barron's NJ HSPA preparation workbook Interdisciplinary Connections: Business: p. 51 #1 – 6; Science: p. 27 #1 –	quickly in solving -ended questions.  -decimal-percent estions that have been	<ul> <li>Extended time</li> <li>Daily record-keeping assistance</li> <li>Manipulatives</li> <li>Simulations</li> <li>"Think alouds"</li> <li>Stations/centers</li> <li>Small group instruction</li> <li>Pair-share</li> </ul>	Formative:  In class practice problems Board work Do Now prompts Class work Problem solving activities Think and Discuss Open-ended questions Summative: Sample HSPA practice tests Benchmark: HSPA practice tests	11 days

HSPA Prep: Spatial Sense a	and Geometry		<b>Grade: <u>12</u></b>	<b>Date:</b> <u>M</u>	<b>1ay 2012</b>
NJ-CCSS Domain Essential Questions  G-CO Congruence  • What is the difference between congruency and similarity? • How are transformations constructed?		NJ-CCSS Cluster.Standard Standards for Mathematical Practice  G-CO.4 Experiment with transformations in the plane. Develop definitions of rotations reflections, and translations in terms of angles, circles, perpendicular lines, parallel lines, and line segments.  G-CO.13 Make geometric constructions. Construct an equilateral triangle, a square, and regular hexagon inscribed in a circle.  SMP.1 Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.  SMP.2 Reason abstractly and quantitatively.			
SWBAT	Activities/ Materials /Technology Interdisciplinary Connections Cultural Diversity		Academic Support/G&T Differentiated Instruction	Summative Benchmarks	
Obj: Apply fundamental relationships between geometric figures to problem solving  Obj: Apply concepts of similarity and congruence to problem solving  Obj: Use transformations to find images, pre-images; use images and pre-images to determine transformations  Obj: Determine the sequence of transformations needed to map one figure onto another	<ul> <li>HSPA review requires students to work both multiple choice questions and oper</li> <li>Review HSPA reference sheet often.</li> <li>Review basic definitions and provide geor</li> <li>Define congruency and similarity; present theorems/postulates</li> <li>Present graph and mapping examples</li> <li>Have students use cut-out transparencies of developing concept</li> <li>Use cut-out figures to determine transform</li> </ul>	metric examples examples of	<ul> <li>Extended time</li> <li>Daily record-keeping assistance</li> <li>Manipulatives</li> <li>Simulations</li> <li>"Think alouds"</li> <li>Stations/centers</li> <li>Small group instruction</li> <li>Pair-share</li> </ul>	Formative: In class practice problems Board work Do Now prompts Class work Problem solving activities Think and Discuss Open-ended questions  Summative: Sample HSPA practice tests  Benchmark: HSPA practice tests	11 days

**Date:** May 2012

HSPA Prep: <u>Patterns, Functions, Algebra</u>

I	J-CCSS Domain tial Questions	NJ-CCSS Cluster.Standard Standards for Mathematical Practice			
F-IF Interpreting Functions  What is the relation between the x and y variable? How will the linear function relate the variables? Can you use the function to answer relative questions?		F-IF.4 Interpret functions that arise in applications in terms of the context. For a function that models a relationship between two quantities, interpret key features of graphs and tables in terms of the quantities, and sketch graphs showing key features given a verbal description of the relationship.  F-IF.5 Interpret functions that arise in applications in terms of the context. Relate the domain of a function to its graph and, where applicable, to the quantitative relationship it describes.  F-IF.6 Interpret functions that arise in applications in terms of the context. Calculate and interpret the average rate of change of a function (presented symbolically or as a table) over a specified interval. Estimate the rate of change from a graph.SMP.1 Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.  SMP.1 Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.  SMP.3 Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others.  SMP.4 Model with mathematics.  SMP.2 Reason abstractly and quantitatively.			
Skills/Objectives SWBAT	Instructional Strategies Activities/ Materials /Technology Interdisciplinary Connections Cultural Diversity		Modifications ESL / Special Education Academic Support/G&T Differentiated Instruction	Assessments Formative Summative Benchmarks	Pacing
Obj: Use tables and graphs to identify patterns and relationships  Obj: Use linear and non-linear functions to model mathematical situations and real-world phenomena  Obj: Explain how a change in one physical quantity can produce a corresponding change in another quantity  Obj: Use algebraic methods to model real-life situations	<ul> <li>HSPA review requires students to work both multiple choice questions and open</li> <li>Present ways to find patterns by using table functions</li> <li>Present various graphs and have students is meaning</li> <li>"Cellular Phone" open-ended question</li> <li>Provide sets and graphical examples of relevance Show how to determine if a function exists</li> <li>"Fencing" open-ended question</li> <li>Present quadratic formula; explain connected equation and solutions on graph</li> <li>"Pens/pencils" open-ended question</li> </ul>	es and graphs of dentify change and its ations and functions	<ul> <li>Extended time</li> <li>Daily record-keeping assistance</li> <li>Manipulatives</li> <li>Simulations</li> <li>"Think alouds"</li> <li>Stations/centers</li> <li>Small group instruction</li> <li>Pair-share</li> </ul>	Formative:  In class practice problems  Problem solving activities  Think and Discuss  Open-ended questions Summative: Sample HSPA practice tests Benchmark: HSPA practice tests	11 days

### HSPA Prep: <u>Data Analysis, Probability, Discrete Math</u>

I Essen	J-CCSS Domain tial Questions		NJ-CCSS Cluster.Standard Standards for Mathematical	l Practice	
<ul> <li>S-MD Using Probability to Make Decision</li> <li>What is the difference between theoretical and empirical probabilities?</li> <li>In what form can probability be represented?</li> </ul>		(+)S-MD.1 Calculate expected values and use them to solve problems. Define a random variable for a quantity of interest by assigning a numerical value to each event in a sample space; graph the corresponding probability distribution using the same graphical displays as for data distributions.  (+)S-MD.2 Calculate expected values and use them to solve problems. Calculate the expected value of a random variable; interpret it as the mean of the probability distribution.  (+) S-MD.5a Use probability to evaluate outcomes of decisions. Weigh the possible outcome of a decision by assigning probabilities to payoff values and finding expected values. Find the expected payoff for a game of chance.  SMP.1 Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.  SMP.2 Reason abstractly and quantitatively.  SMP.4 Model with mathematics.			ace; graph ibutions. e the
Skills/Objectives SWBAT	Instructional Strategies Activities/ Materials /Technology Interdisciplinary Connections		Modifications ESL / Special Education Academic Support/G&T Differentiated Instruction	Assessments Formative Summative Benchmarks	Pacing
Obj: Find theoretical and empirical probabilities.  Obj: Compare simulation model to the theoretical model  Obj: Recognize probabilities as ratios and percents	Cultural Diversity  HSPA review requires students to work quickly in solving both multiple choice questions and open-ended questions.  • Review HSPA reference sheet often.  • Use spinner, dice, cards to explore probability  • Compare theoretical and experimental probabilities using hands on activity  • Review fraction-decimal-percent conversions		<ul> <li>Extended time</li> <li>Daily record-keeping assistance</li> <li>Manipulatives</li> <li>Simulations</li> <li>"Think alouds"</li> <li>Stations/centers</li> <li>Small group instruction</li> <li>Pair-share</li> </ul>	Formative:  Classwork Problem solving Think and Discuss Open-ended questions  Summative: Sample HSPA practice tests  Benchmark: HSPA practice tests	11 days

### HSPA Prep: Number Sense

NJ-CCSS Domain Essential Questions		NJ-CCSS Cluster.Standard Standards for Mathematical Practice			
N-RN The Real Number System  • How can we represent extremely large and extremely small numbers? • Where in the real world do we use absolute values, exponents, and approximate roots of numbers?		N-RN.2 Extend the properties of exponents to rational exponents. Rewrite expressions involving radicals and rational exponents using the properties of exponents.  N-Q.1 Reason quantitatively and use units to solve problems. Use units as a way to understand problems and to guide the solution of multi-step problems; choose and interpret units consistently in formulas; choose and interpret the scale and the origin in graphs and data displays.  SMP.1 Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.  SMP.2 Reason abstractly and quantitatively.			
Skills/Objectives SWBAT	Instructional Strategies Activities/ Materials /Technology Interdisciplinary Connections Cultural Diversity		Modifications ESL / Special Education Academic Support/G&T Differentiated Instruction	Assessments Formative Summative Benchmarks	Pacing
Obj: Evaluate expressions containing powers, roots and factorials  Obj: Use primes, factors and multiples in real world situations  Obj: Determine whether or not properties of equivalence relations and arithmetic operations apply to different relations and operations  Obj: Use absolute values, exponents, and approximations for roots of numbers  Obj: Solve proportions  Obj: Illustrate, model and solve problems using ratios, proportions and percents	<ul> <li>HSPA review requires students to work both multiple choice questions and open</li> <li>Review HSPA reference sheet often.</li> <li>Develop meaning of powers through patter.</li> <li>Notes on properties/application activity</li> <li>Number line representation of meaning of distance</li> <li>Calculator activity for finding roots</li> <li>Apply ratios and proportions to solve give</li> <li>Complete relevant practice open-ended que released by the state</li> <li>Materials/Technology/Resources:  Barron's NJ HSPA preparation workbook Interdisciplinary Connections:  Business: p. 51 #1 – 6; Science: p. 27 #1 –</li> </ul>	rns absolute value as n tasks estions that have been	<ul> <li>Extended time</li> <li>Daily record-keeping assistance</li> <li>Manipulatives</li> <li>Simulations</li> <li>"Think alouds"</li> <li>Stations/centers</li> <li>Small group instruction</li> <li>Pair-share</li> </ul>	Formative:  In class practice problems  Board work  Do Now prompts  Class work  Problem solving activities  Think and Discuss  Open-ended questions  Summative: Sample HSPA practice tests  Benchmark: HSPA practice tests	11 days

### **HSPA Prep:** Spatial Sense and Geometry

HSPA Prep: Spatial Sense a	and Geometry		<b>Grade:</b> <u>12</u>	<b>Date:</b> <u>N</u>	May 2012
I	J-CCSS Domain tial Questions	NJ-CCSS Cluster.Standard Standards for Mathematical Practice			
G-GMD Geometric Measure and Dimension  When do you need to find the area or volume of various shapes?  How are such measurements calculated?		G-GMD.1 Explain volume formulas and use them to solve problems. Give an informargument for the formulas for the circumference of a circle, area of a circle, volume of cylinder, pyramid, and cone.  G-CMD.3 Use volume formulas for cylinders, pyramids, cones, and spheres to solve problems.  SMP.2 Reason abstractly and quantitatively.  SMP.4 Model with mathematics  SMP.5 Use appropriate tools strategically			e of a
Skills/Objectives SWBAT	Instructional Strate Activities/ Materials /Te Interdisciplinary Conn Cultural Diversit	chnology ections	Modifications ESL / Special Education Academic Support/G&T Differentiated Instruction	Assessments Formative Summative Benchmarks	Pacing
Obj: Utilize the appropriate formulas and label answers with appropriate units of measure  Obj: Measure objects and determine the degree of accuracy needed when measuring them  Obj: Develop and apply a variety of strategies for determining perimeter, circumference, area, surface area, volume, and angle measurement  Obj: Express mathematically and explain the impact of change in an object's dimensions on its surface area, volume, and/or perimeter	HSPA review requires students to work both multiple choice questions and open     Review HSPA reference sheet often.     Use real life situations such as floor coveri Measure regular and odd shaped objects     Discuss inaccuracies in using measuremen Provide examples involving figures on grid and shaded regions     Complete applications such as sand and stout Use English sentences to explain reasoning	ng t tools ds, odd shaped figures,	<ul> <li>Extended time</li> <li>Daily record-keeping assistance</li> <li>Manipulatives</li> <li>Simulations</li> <li>"Think alouds"</li> <li>Stations/centers</li> <li>Small group instruction</li> <li>Pair-share</li> </ul>	Formative:  In class practice problems Board work Do Now prompts Class work Problem solving activities Think and Discuss Open-ended questions  Summative: Sample HSPA practice tests  Benchmark: HSPA practice tests	11 days

HSPA Prep: Patterns, Fun	ctions, Algebra		Grade: <u>12</u>	<b>Date:</b> <u>N</u>	May 2012
I	J-CCSS Domain tial Questions	NJ-CCSS Cluster.Standard Standards for Mathematical Practice			
F-LE Linear and Exponential Models  • What mathematical patterns exist in real life?  • How can we find such patterns?  • Can you use these patterns to answer real life problems?		F-LE.1 Construct and compare linear and exponential models and solve problems. Distinguish between situations that can be modeled with linear functions and with exponential functions. F-LE.1.b Construct and compare linear and exponential models and solve problems. Recognize situations in which one quantity changes at a constant rate per unit interval relative to another. F-LE.2 Construct and compare linear and exponential models and solve problems. Construct linear and exponential functions, including arithmetic and geometric sequences, given a graph, a description of a relationship, or two input-output pairs (include reading these from a table). SMP.1 Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them. SMP.4 Model with mathematics. SMP.7 Look for and make use of structure. SMP.8 Look for and express regularity in repeated reasoning.			
Skills/Objectives SWBAT	Instructional Strategies Activities/ Materials /Technology Interdisciplinary Connections Cultural Diversity		Modifications ESL / Special Education Academic Support/G&T Differentiated Instruction	Assessments Formative Summative Benchmarks	Pacing
Obj: Construct, recognize and extend patterns  Obj: Use appropriate graphing techniques to represent patterns and real-world phenomena  Obj: Find the sum of finite and arithmetic series and of finite and infinite geometric series  Obj: Differentiate between linear and exponential growth	<ul> <li>HSPA review requires students to work both multiple choice questions and open</li> <li>Present was to find patterns by looking for and ratios</li> <li>Develop additional figures using patterns</li> <li>Translate to algebraic rule</li> <li>"Triangle of Numbers" open-ended question</li> <li>Look at patterns to determine if arithmetic</li> <li>Discuss limits informally</li> <li>Graphic examples – use tables to determin</li> <li>"Board Game Bonus" open-ended question</li> </ul>	on or geometric e change ratios	<ul> <li>Extended time</li> <li>Daily record-keeping assistance</li> <li>Manipulatives</li> <li>Simulations</li> <li>"Think alouds"</li> <li>Stations/centers</li> <li>Small group instruction</li> <li>Pair-share</li> </ul>	Formative:  In class practice problems  Problem solving activities  Think and Discuss  Open-ended questions  Summative:  Sample HSPA practice tests  Benchmark:  HSPA practice tests	11 days

### HSPA Prep: <u>Data Analysis, Probability, Discrete Math</u>

HSPA Prep: Data Analysis,	Probability, Discrete Math		<b>Grade:</b> <u>12</u>	<b>Date:</b> <u>N</u>	May 2012
NJ-CCSS  Domain  Essential Questions		NJ-CCSS Cluster.Standard Standards for Mathematical Practice			
S-ID Interpreting Categorical and Quantitative Data  • When do we need to calculate averages? • How can we represent data?		S.ID.1 Summarize, represent, and interpret data on a single count or measurement variable. Represent data with plots on the real number line (dot plots, histograms, and box plots. ID.2 Summarize, represent, and interpret data on a single count or measurement variable. Use statistics appropriate to the shape of the data distribution to compare center (mean) and spread (interquartile range, standard deviation) of two or more different data sets.  SMP.1 Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.  SMP.2 Reason abstractly and quantitatively.  SMP.4 Model with mathematics.			x plots). nent (median,
Skills/Objectives	Instructional Strate	_	Modifications	Assessments	Pacing
SWBAT	Activities/ Materials /Technology Interdisciplinary Connections Cultural Diversity		ESL / Special Education Academic Support/G&T Differentiated Instruction	Formative Summative Benchmarks	
Obj: Select and use appropriate data displays (scatter plot, boxand-whisker plot, histogram, bar graph)  Obj: Identify any outliers in a set of data  Obj: Determine mean, median, mode and range of a set of data  Obj: Select an appropriate measure of central tendency or other statistical measure to describe data	HSPA review requires students to work both multiple choice questions and oper      Review HSPA reference sheet often.     Discuss real world example of positive vs     Discuss trends and range     Identify outliers visually     Generate data     Find measures of central tendency     "Math Test" open-ended question     Discuss most appropriate measure to describe described in the control of the control open central question.	n-ended questions.  negative correlation	<ul> <li>Extended time</li> <li>Daily record-keeping assistance</li> <li>Manipulatives</li> <li>Simulations</li> <li>"Think alouds"</li> <li>Stations/centers</li> <li>Small group instruction</li> <li>Pair-share</li> </ul>	Formative:  Classwork Problem solving Think and Discuss Open-ended questions  Summative: Sample HSPA practice tests  Benchmark: HSPA practice tests	11 days

HSPA Prep: Financial Liter	<u>racy</u>		Grade: <u>12</u>	<b>Date:</b> <u>N</u>	10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1
I	J-CCSS Domain tial Questions	NJ-CCSS Cluster.Standard Standards for Mathematical Practice			
N-RN The Real Number System N-Q Quantities A-CED Creating Equations  • How much should you budget for vacation? • What costs are involved? • What amounts need to be calculated?		N-RN.1 Extend the properties of exponents to rational exponents. Explain how the definition of the meaning of rational exponents follows from extending the properties of integer exponents to those values, allowing for a notation for radicals in terms of rational exponents N-Q.1 Reason quantitatively and use units to solve problems. Use units as a way to understand problems and to guide the solution of multi-step problems; choose and interpret units consistently in formulas; choose and interpret the scale and the origin in graphs and data displays.  A.CED.1 Create equations that describe numbers and relationships. Create equations inequalities in one variable and use them to solve problems.  SMP.1 Make sense of problems and preserver in solving them.  SMP.4 Model with mathematics.			eger o units olays.
Skills/Objectives SWBAT	Instructional Strategies Activities/ Materials /Technology Interdisciplinary Connections Cultural Diversity		Modifications ESL / Special Education Academic Support/G&T Differentiated Instruction	Assessments Formative Summative Benchmarks	Pacing
Obj: Research vacation destinations Obj: Create a vacation budget Obj: Calculate costs of a vacation and compare to original budget	Financial Literacy helps students develop mathematical skills needed to become a productive member of society.  • Discuss how to conduct research using computers • Demonstrate appropriate and useful web sites • Provide worksheets to be used for calculations • Discuss the need for budgets		<ul> <li>Extended time</li> <li>Daily record-keeping assistance</li> <li>Simulations</li> <li>"Think alouds"</li> <li>Stations/centers</li> <li>Small group instruction</li> <li>Pair-share</li> </ul>	Formative:  Research Class work Problem solving activities Think and Discuss Open-ended questions  Summative: Mathematical calculation tests Final project presentation	7 days

HSPA Prep: Financial Liter	<u>racy</u>		<b>Grade:</b> <u>12</u>	<b>Date:</b> <u>N</u>	May 2012
I	J-CCSS Domain tial Questions	NJ-CCSS Cluster.Standard Standards for Mathematical Practice			
N-RN The Real Number System N-Q Quantities A-CED Creating Equations  • How do you keep track of money • Is the bank always right? • What do you do if you think some	ething is wrong with a checking account?	definition of the meaning of exponents to those values, N-Q.1 Reason quantita understand problems and consistently in formulas; c A.CED.1 Create equation inequalities in one variable		ending the properties of int terms of rational exponents blems. Use units as a way to blems; choose and interpre- rigin in graphs and data disp elationships. Create equal	eger s o t units plays.
Skills/Objectives SWBAT	Instructional Strategies Activities/ Materials /Technology Interdisciplinary Connections Cultural Diversity		Modifications ESL / Special Education Academic Support/G&T Differentiated Instruction	Assessments Formative Summative Benchmarks	Pacing
Obj: Write checks Obj: Maintain a checkbook Obj: Create deposit slips Obj: Balance a checkbook Obj: Reconcile a bank statement Obj: Understand how to challenge discrepancies	Financial Literacy helps students development development a productive member of the Demonstrate how to write a check – stude of Using real life examples of banking – dock ATM withdrawals, and bank fees to main running balance (several examples) of Reconcile a bank statement with checkboo of Discuss options of how to handle discrepated the Materials/Technology/Resources:  Calculators, worksheets  Interdisciplinary Connections:  Business	op mathematical skills r of society.  ents will practice rument checks, deposits, tain a checkbook with a rok (several example)	<ul> <li>Extended time</li> <li>Daily record-keeping assistance</li> <li>Simulations</li> <li>"Think alouds"</li> <li>Stations/centers</li> <li>Small group instruction</li> <li>Pair-share</li> </ul>	Formative:  Class work Problem solving activities Think and Discuss Open-ended questions  Summative: Check writing quiz Check book quiz Reconcile quiz	20 days

**Date:** May 2012

**HSPA Prep:** <u>Financial Literacy</u>

NJ-CCSS Domain Essential Questions		NJ-CCSS Cluster.Standard Standards for Mathematical Practice				
N-RN The Real Number System N-Q Quantities A-CED Creating Equations  • How much money can you make a year? • How much money a month will it cost you to live? • Can you balance how much you earn and how much you spend?		N-RN.1 Extend the properties of exponents to rational exponents. Explain how the definition of the meaning of rational exponents follows from extending the properties of integer exponents to those values, allowing for a notation for radicals in terms of rational exponents  N-Q.1 Reason quantitatively and use units to solve problems. Use units as a way to understand problems and to guide the solution of multi-step problems; choose and interpret units consistently in formulas; choose and interpret the scale and the origin in graphs and data displays.  A.CED.1 Create equations that describe numbers and relationships. Create equations and inequalities in one variable and use them to solve problems.  SMP.1 Make sense of problems and preserver in solving them.  SMP.2 Reason abstractly and quantitatively  SMP.4 Model with mathematics				
Skills/Objectives SWBAT	Instructional Strategies Activities/ Materials /Technology Interdisciplinary Connections Cultural Diversity		Modifications ESL / Special Education Academic Support/G&T Differentiated Instruction	Assessments Formative Summative Benchmarks	Pacing	
Obj: Research jobs and salaries Obj: Research cost of living in New Jersey Obj: Create a monthly budget Obj: Compare and contrast income and expenses	<ul> <li>Research job offerings and comparative salaries in New Jersey</li> <li>Research cost of living (i.e., rent, utilities, food, etc.) in New Jersey</li> <li>Create a monthly budget including all expenses</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>Extended time</li> <li>Daily record-keeping assistance</li> <li>Simulations</li> <li>"Think alouds"</li> <li>Stations/centers</li> <li>Small group instruction</li> <li>Pair-share</li> </ul>	Formative:  Research Class work Problem solving activities Think and Discuss Open-ended questions  Summative: Mathematical calculation tests Final project presentation	11 days	

HSPA Prep: Financial Literacy		<b>Grade:</b> <u>12</u>		<b>Date:</b> May 2012	
NJ-CCSS  Domain Essential Questions		NJ-CCSS Cluster.Standard Standards for Mathematical Practice			
N-RN The Real Number System N-Q Quantities A-CED Creating Equations  Is using a credit card always a go What are some benefits of credit What are some dangers of credit	?	definition of the meaning of exponents to those values, N-Q.1 Reason quantita understand problems and to consistently in formulas; cl. A.CED.1 Create equation inequalities in one variable.		ending the properties of interms of rational exponents blems. Use units as a way to blems; choose and interpretarigin in graphs and data dispelationships. Create equal	eger o t units plays.
Skills/Objectives SWBAT	Instructional Strategies Activities/ Materials /Technology Interdisciplinary Connections Cultural Diversity		Modifications ESL / Special Education Academic Support/G&T Differentiated Instruction	Assessments Formative Summative Benchmarks	Pacing
Obj: Develop an understanding of credit  Obj: Calculate how much items bought on credit really cost  Obj: Understand how to read a credit card statement  Obj: Develop a knowledge of how to challenge discrepancies	<ul> <li>Discuss practical money skills and features of a credit card</li> <li>Calculate how much items cost bought on credit as it related to saving for a given item</li> <li>Read and discuss how to interpret a credit card statement</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>Extended time</li> <li>Daily record-keeping assistance</li> <li>Simulations</li> <li>"Think alouds"</li> <li>Stations/centers</li> <li>Small group instruction</li> <li>Pair-share</li> </ul>	Formative:  Class work Problem solving activities Think and Discuss Open-ended questions  Summative: Mathematical calculation tests Credit card test	7 days

#### **North Brunswick Township High School**

#### (2195/2196) Math Lab IV

Grade 12

5 credits - 1 year (Does not satisfy the High School core mathematics requirement.)

#### **Course Description**

Math Lab IV is a senior course strictly for those students who have not passed the HSPA. Students will review their basic skills problem-solving techniques. The areas of concentration are: patterns, data analysis, measurement and geometry, numerical operations, discrete math and fundamentals of algebra. If students are unsuccessful in the HSPA test, they will remain in this course to complete the Alternative High School Assessment (AHSA, formerly SRA) process. This is an alternative assessment which will enable the student to receive a diploma. A scientific calculator is required.

#### **Proficiencies**

Proficiencies are based upon the topics included in the HSPA:

- I. Number Sense, Concepts, and Applications
  - A. Understanding types of numbers, our numeration system, and the ways they are used and applied in real-world situations.
  - B. Apply ratios, proportions, and percents to a variety of situations.
- II. Spatial Sense and Geometry
  - A. Recognize, visualize, analyze, and apply geometric properties, relationships, and patterns in real-world and/or problem –solving contexts using models, manipulatives, or technology.
  - B. Use coordinate geometry in problem-solving situations and apply the principals of congruence, similarity, and transformations.
  - C. Apply the principal of measurement and geometry to solve problems involving direct and indirect measurement.
- III. Data Analysis, Probability, Statistics, and Discrete Mathematics
  - A. Determine, interpret, and use probabilities of simple ad compounded events.
  - B. Understand and interpret statistical distributions and apply to real-world situations.
  - C. Collect, organize, represent, analyze, and interpret data.
  - D. Apply the concepts and methods of discrete mathematical to model and explore a variety of practical situations.
  - E. Use iterative and recursive processes to model a variety of practical situations and solve problems.
- IV. Patterns, Functions, and Algebra
  - A. Recognize, create, and extend a variety of patterns ad use inductive reasoning to understand and represent mathematical and other real-world phenomena.
  - B. Use various types of functions to represent mathematical or real-world situations.
- C. Use algebraic concepts and processes to concisely express, analyze, and model real-world situations. Financial Literacy
  - A. Budget for vacation
  - B. Balance checkbook
  - C. Create monthly budget
  - D. Understand credit

#### **Evaluation:**

Performance Assessments 50%

Tests/Quizzes/Projects

Weekly Performance Grades: 50%

Homework/Classwork/Do-nows